

**An Australian Government Initiative** 



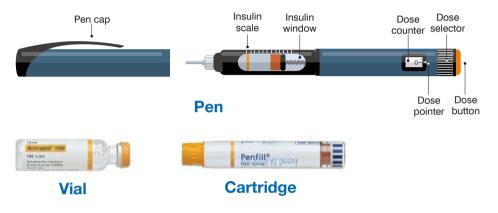
# **Insulin** administration

# Storage of insulin

Insulin in use can be stored for up to 30 days at room temperature, then must be discarded. Store unopened insulin in a fridge. If frozen or exposed to above 30-degree temperatures, do not use.

Do not use expired insulin.

### **Insulin devices**



## **Insulin syringes**

While insulin syringes are available in Australia, they are best avoided in residential aged care because:

- \* they do not come with a needle length less than 8mm where 4-6mm length is recommended
- \* there is a potential and serious risk of dosing error when drawing up insulin, especially as more concentrated insulins are becoming available.

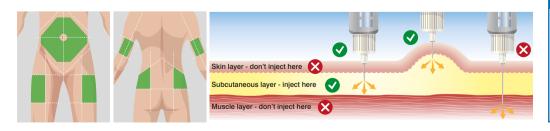


## **Syringe**

# Injection site

# Subcutaneous injection:

- » avoid scars and stretch marks
- » avoid muscle (pinch the skin if needed)
- » rotate site 1cm away from last injection site (use injection chart)
- » use only 4–6 mm needles for pen devices.



# Using pen devices

Mix with gentle roll, mix cloudy insulins only (NovoMix 30®, Protaphane®)





Attach a new needle (Note: safety needles and safe needle disposal systems are available to minimise risk of needle stick injury)









a. remove paper tab

b. screw onto pen

c. remove outer cap

d. remove inner cap

Prime needle with 2 units, holding pen upright dial up dose: second nurse to check





Inject and hold for 10 seconds



Safely remove and dispose of needle.

If using safety needles, see manufacturers guidelines



# **Next steps**

# Six Minute Intensive Training posters:

Know your insulin, Hyperglycaemia, Hypoglycaemia, Sick day management.

### Read:

- Diabetes management in aged care: a practical handbook
  - chapter 11: Insulin

Initial development of this resource was supported by Primary Health Tasmania under the Australian Government Primary Health Network Program.

